

Kelsey Highlands Nursery

East Boxford, Massachusetts
Tucker 7-2311, 7-2312

Price List

CONTENTS

	Pages
Harlan Page Kelsey, 1872-1958	2
Kelsey's Country Gift Store	4
Evergreens	5-11
Broadleaf Evergreens	12-16
Deciduous Shade & Flowering Trees	17-24
Deciduous Flowering Shrubs	25-35
Vines	36-37
Fruit Trees & Small Fruits	38-39
Roses	40-41
Groundcover Plants	42
Institutional and Industrial Landscaping	43
Guarantee and Planting Instructions	44-45
Index to Common and Scientific Names	46-47
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Nomenclature. The 1942 edition of "Standardized Plant Names" published by the American Joint Committee on Horticultural Nomenclature is authority for names used in this catalog.

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Kelsey-Highlands Nursery

Garden Center

EAST BOXFORD

MASSACHUSETTS

Off Route 97 just west of Interstate Route 95

Evergreens — Broadleaf Evergreens — Shrubs — Shade and Flowering Trees — Roses — Vines — Fruit Trees — Ground-cover Plants — Bulbs

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HARLAN PAGE KELSEY 1872-1958

Harlan Page Kelsey

1872-1958

In 1885, in the little town of Highlands, North Carolina, a lad of thirteen years started collecting and growing the little known but lovely native plants of our Southern Appalachian mountains.

Thus began a unique career that was to span almost three-quarters of a century. During those years his contributions to horticulture, landscape architecture and city planning, conservation, civic betterment, local and national park development and plant nomenclature were to bring him high honors in all these fields.

A man of extraordinary vision, tremendous energy, profound conviction, intense loyalty and complete integrity, Harlan P. Kelsey will continue to be an inspiration to all who knew him and worked with him.

In this, our 75th year, we honor his memory and pledge ourselves to the principles by which he lived and worked.

> HARLAN P. KELSEY, INC. Kelsey-Highlands Nursery

> > Seth L. Kelsey, Pres. and Treas.
> > Seth L. Kelsey, Jr., Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mgr.
> > John M. Barnes, Clerk
> > James C. Feronetti, Horticultural Consultant
> > L. Palmer Lavallee, Landscape Architect
> > Alfred Kaczynski, Nursery Superintendent
> > Chester W. Holt, Propagator
> > Jack Myers, Landscape Supervisor

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at our Garden Center

GIFTS OF DISTINCTION
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Imports of many kinds

Baskets and Basketware

Bird Houses and Bird Feeders

House Plants and Planters a Specialty

Open the year round, Monday thru Saturday, 8:30-5:30

Evergreens

A major class of landscape material, the evergreens provide immediate mass-effect, in winter as well as summer. Varying growth characteristics — some tall, some low and spreading — allow selections to suit any purpose or condition.

Here are some of the better sorts. All are supplied with roots "balled and burlapped" (B&B),

ABIES koreana, Korean Fir, 20-30 ft.
Tall rapid growth: a array of the
Tall, rapid growth; a symmetrical tree with rich green foli-
age notable for the silver underside of its noodles. D
rarry variable as a specimen.
2½-3 ft
JUNIPERUS chinensis 'Hetzi,' Hetz Juniper, 5-6 ft.
Similar to the following but with it.
Similar to the following but with silvery blue-green color.
rigorous spreading growth.
15-18 in. spread 5.25
18-24 in. spread
JUNIPERUS chinensis 'Pfitzeriana,' PFITZER JUNIPER, 5-6 ft.
Spreading habit, light green, the tips of the branches up-
turned; a valuable low-border evergreen.
18-24 in garand
18-24 in. spread
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. spread
JUNIPERUS communis suecica, Swedish Juniper, 6-10 ft.
Narrow columnar form, slow-growing: light bluish groom
with short, sharp needles. Good "accent" material in a
foundation group.
9-91/ +
21/2 ft 4.50
$\frac{2\frac{1}{2}-3}{2}$ ft 6.00
3-3½ ft 8.00
HINIPERIIS honizontalia Carra
JUNIPERUS horizontalis, CREEPING JUNIPER.

Figures immediately following names indicate the approximate heights reached by the trees and shrubs under normal conditions, first under cultivation, and then in their natural habitats.

where low, flat growth is required.
12-15 in. spread

A very hardy trailing Juniper, valuable as a ground-cover

JUNIPERUS norizontans douglasi, Walkington	Tto
Almost vine-like in habit, creeping flat on the ground.	. 115
color is bright steel blue.	4.00
12-15 in. spread	7.00
JUNIPERUS horizontalis plumosa, Andorra Juniper.	,
Another low-growing ground-cover of compact habit.	ireen
in summer, purplish in fall and winter.	4.00
12-15 in. spread	5.50
15-18 in. spread	9,90
JUNIPERUS squamata meyeri, Meyer Singleseed Jun	IPER.
Slow growing of irregular unright form; bright blue	color
all through the season. Will eventually reach 4-5 feet.	3.50
12-15 in	0.00
PICEA asperata, Dragon Spruce, 40-100 ft.	
Vone bardy broad-spreading evergreen of compact gr	owth.
It is especially useful for windy or seasnore location	S. A
big tree at maturity.	10.00
9-91/0 11	13.50
2½-3 ft	10.00
PICEA glauca, WHITE SPRUCE, 60-120 ft.	
Tall growing native tree, useful as a specimen or	for a
screening group. Makes a good hedge as it responds re to shearing.	adny
18-24 in	5.00
2-3 ft	6.50
3-4 ft	8.7
PINUS mugo mughus, Mugho Swissmountain Pine, 2-5	ft.
Compact dwarf evergreen that provides variety of the	xture
to a border planting, with its long needles and deep	color
Also useful for a low hedge.	
12-15 in. spread	5.00
15-18 in, spread	6.50
18-24 in spread	8.0

PINUS resinosa, RED PINE, 80-160 ft.	
Rugged, rapid-growing, tall Pine with deep groon color	т.
becomes a broad tree suitable for screen or wind-break.	11
18-24 in	
9.9 ft	50
2-3 ft	00
PINUS strobus, WHITE PINE, 50-150 ft.	
Familiar native Pine of rapid growth. Becomes a large tr	
when planted as a specimen, but may be used as a hed	ee
or screen where it is controlled by shearing.	ge
of screen where it is controlled by shearing.	
2-3 ft	75
3-4 ft	00
4-5 ft	00
5-6 ft	00
6-8 ft	50
DINUIC I	
PINUS sylvestris, Scots Pine, 50-75 ft.	
Bluish green, with reddish-brown bark; needles of mediu	m
length, somewhat twisted. Mature trees are large as	nd
with interesting irregular growth.	
3-4 ft	50
4-5 ft	
5-6 ft	
	,,,
PSEUDOTSUGA taxifolia, Douglasfir, 50-200 ft.	
Very hardy, symmetrical tree of dense growth: foliage green	n,
sometimes with bluish tints. Most effective as a specime	n
where it grows into a big tree.	
5-6 ft	0
6-7 ft	
7-8 ft	
8-10 ft	
10-12 ft	
	U
TAXUS cuspidata, JAPANESE YEW, spreading form, 6-8 ft.	
A favorite low evergreen for foundation planting, well	11
adapted for the ranch-type house. Foliage dark green; olde	r
plants bear red berries in late fall. Requires shearing.	•
15-18 in. spread 6.5	0
18-24 in. spread 8.7.	
18-24 in. spread 8.7.	9

9-12 in. spread

A shapely upright type, dense dark green; one of the finest

6.00

8.75

11.75

5.00

TAXUS cuspidata, Japanese Yew, upright form, 15-50 ft.

Columnar growth, for taller sections of a foundation group
or as a formal specimen. Planted as a hedge it responds

TAXUS cuspidata 'Nana,' DWARF JAPANESE YEW, 3-4 ft.

Acknowledged a "gem" of the dwarf evergreens. Slow, compact spreading growth, deep rich green color that does not

TAXUS media 'Hatfieldi,' HATFIELD YEW, 6-12 ft.

readily to shearing. Red berries in fall.

fade.

ornamentals as individual specimen or for tall groups.	
15-18 in	6.75
18-24 in	9.00
	12.00
TAXUS media 'Hicksi,' HICKS YEW, 6-12 ft.	
Somewhat more open growth than the preceding, with	ver-
tically ascending branches. Foliage dark green; red b	erries
in autumn.	
15-18 in	6.50
18-24 in	8.00
2-2½ ft	10.50
THUJA occidentalis 'Boothi,' Booth Globe Arborvita	AE, 2-
3 ft.	
A Kelsey specialty, invaluable for low foundation plan	itings
where it retains its compact globular shape without	trim-
ming. Useful for a low evergreen hedge; ultimate l	neight
less than 3 feet.	
12-15 in. spread	3.00
15-18 in. spread	3.75
18-24 in. spread	5.00

THUJA occidentalis 'Douglasi,' Douglas Pyramidal Arborvitae, 15-20 ft.

Dense columnar form with distinctive fronded branchlets, color rich green, wind-resistant. A good formal tall variety.

groom, will resistant.	
2-2½ ft	 4.50
2½-3 ft	 5.50
3-4 ft	
4-5 ft	 8.50

THUJA occidentalis 'Nigra,' WINTERGREEN PYRAMIDAL ARBORVITAE, 20-40 ft.

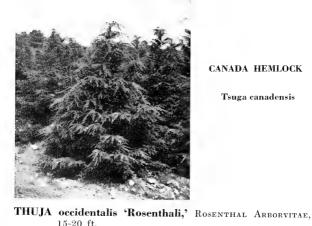
Sometimes known as "Dark American" Arborvitae as it is a strain resistant to wind-burning in winter. Compact, broadly pyramidal growth, responding readily to shearing to formal shape. Much used for screen or hedging.

2-2½ ft	4.50
2½-3 ft	5.50
3-4 ft	6.50
4-5 ft	8.50
5-6 ft	12.00
6-7 ft	16.50

THUJA occidentalis 'Pyramidalis,' Pyramidal Eastern Arborvitae, 15-20 ft.

Probably the best-known of the pyramidal evergreens, narrow formal growth, good deep green color. Its height may be controlled by shearing but otherwise may reach 15 feet or more.

2 - $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft	4.50
2½-3 ft	5.50
3-4 ft	6.50
4-5 ft.	8.50



CANADA HEMLOCK

Tsuga canadensis

15.00 20.00

15-20 ft.
A rich-textured columnar form of distinctive beauty.
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft 6.00
3-4 ft
THUJA occidentalis 'Wareana,' WARE EASTERN ARBORVITAE, 15-30 ft.
Broadly pyramidal form, compact rather stiff growth, with foliage deep green of good substance.
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft 6.00
3-4 ft 7.50
TSUGA canadensis, Canada Hemlock, 50-120 ft.
Native to the north woods, a stately hardy tree widely used
for hedges and screens, or as tall specimens.
$2-2\frac{1}{2}$ ft
$2\frac{1}{2}$ -3 ft
3-4 ft

TSUGA caroliniana, CAROLINA HEMLOCK, 40-75 ft.

A Harlan P. Kelsey introduction from the mountains of the South, this beautiful evergreen is perfectly hardy, and is valuable for hedge planting as well as being one of the finest of all evergreens when used as an individual specimen.

2.27/ 6:	T,
2-2½ ft	6.50
$2\frac{1}{2}$ - $\frac{3}{5}$ ft	8.00
3-4 ft	8.00
3-4 ft	11.00
4-5 ft	15.00



Our introduction, the Carolina Hemlock, is beautiful the year round, and is completely hardy

CAROLINA HEMLOCKS AT THE ARNOLD ARBORETUM

Broadleaf Evergreens

The Broadleaf Evergreens combine all-winter green foliage with spring or summer flowers of varied colors. In general, they thrive best in shade, protected from strong winds. Soil should be cool, moist, preferably acid. Those designated as "B&B" are supplied with soil on their roots.

ARCTOSTAPHYLOS	uva-ursi.	BEARBERRY.
----------------	-----------	------------

Essentially a creeping ground-cover that will grow in sun or shade, in good or poor soil. Pink or white flowers in June, followed by bright red berries in late summer.

Pot-grown plants, 4-6 in. spread75 (10 for 7.00: 100 for 65.00)

BUXUS microphylla koreana, Korean Littleleaf Box, 2-

Upright growth, with tiny bright green leaves. The hardiest of all Boxwood, needing no winter protection here.

6-9	in.																		2	2.00
9-12	2 in.																			3.00

CALLUNA vulgaris, Scotch Heather.

The Heathers are low-growing evergreens a foot or more high, with purplish or white flowers in late summer. They prefer a sunny location. Besides the common Heathers there are ten or more hybrids of differing heights and colors.

10 for 8.00

DAPHNE cneorum, Rose Daphne, 9-12 in.

Distinguished for its fragrant, Mayflower-like blossoms in May or June, with usually a later bloom in September. It grows about a foot high, and may spread two feet across.

			~	-					•										
6-9 in. spread																		2.00	
9-12 in, spread	l																	3.00	

ERICA

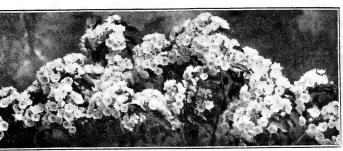
Res Its

•	
carnea, Spring Heath, 9-12 in. sembles a Heather but flowers in early spring, rosy	red.
foliage is needle-like, bright green.	
Pot-grown plants	1.50

BROADLEAF EVERGREENS EUONYMUS fortunei 'Coloratus,' Purpleleaf Winter-

CREEPER EUONYMUS.

CREEPER LUONYMUS.	
Trailing broad-leaved evergreen, a low bushy climber; fe	9 =
tured by its purplish red leaves in fall and winter.	
2 vear	
1.	00
EUONYMUS fortunei 'Minimus,' BABY WINTERCREEP EUONYMUS.	ER
Slow-growing, with glossy leaves a half-inch long. This an excellent miniature for rock gardens or low wall.	is
2 year 1.	50
EUONYMUS fortunei radicans, Common Wintercreepi Euonymus,	
Shrubby evergreen vine which will cling loosely to a wall other support, or become a low spreading bush.	or
2 year 1.8	50
EUONYMUS fortunei vegetus, BIGLEAF WINTERCREEPE EUONYMUS.	
Growth vigorous, with shining bright green leaves an inc or more across. Sometimes used as a low hedge, trimmed to formal shape.	eh to
2 year 1.5	0
GALAX aphylla, GALAX.	
Evergreen ground-cover with glossy grown had be	,
Evergreen ground-cover with glossy green, heart-shape leaves which turn scarlet in autumn. Delicate white flower	:d r-
spikes in May.	
Strong plants 1.0	
	-
Heavy clumps 2.0	U
II THE	
ILEX crenata 'Convexa,' Convexleaf Japanese Holly, 4-5 f	t.
Oval glossy leaves resembling Boxwood: black berries Th	
plant is of compact bushy habit. Thrives best in sheltere	d
spots.	
15-18 in. (B&B) 6.0	Λ
18-24 in. (B&B)	-
0.0	U



MOUNTAINLAUREL KALMIA

ILEX glabra, INKBERRY, 4-6 ft.
A native shrub of the holly family, semi-evergreen. Oval, glossy green leaves; black berries.
12-15 in. (B&B)
KALMIA latifolia, Mountainlaurel Kalmia, 6-25 ft.
Has familiar showy white or pink flowers in May or June.
Plants are irregularly spreading, reaching a height of four or five feet.
15-18 in. (B&B) 5.75
18-24 in. (B&B) 7.25
LEUCOTHOE catesbaei, DROOPING LEUCOTHOE, 3-5 ft.
Leaves pinnate, waxy green, turning bright red in fall. The white flowers are in drooping clusters in April or May.
15-18 in., B&B
12-15 in., B&B
PACHISTIMA canbyi, CANBY PACHISTIMA, 9-10 in.
This fine-leaved little evergreen is suitable for edging or for
a dwarf ground-cover, giving the effect of boxwood. Its
foliage turns purplish in winter.

.80

1.00

10 for

10 for

7.20

9.00

BROADLEAF EVERGREENS

PACHYSANDRA terminalis, Japanese Pachysandra, 6-8 in. Of particular value as a ground-cover, becoming a carpet of fresh green foliage with small white flower spikes in summer. Good in sun or shade; spreads by underground rootlets. Pot-grown plants 30 10 for 2.50; 100 for 22.00
PIERIS floribunda, Mountain Pieris, 3-6 ft. Spreading evergreen shrub with oval leaves and upright spikes of white flowers in April or May. 12-15 in., B&B 4.75 15-18 in., B&B 6.50 18-24 in., B&B 8.00
PIERIS japonica, Japanese Pieris, 5-9 ft. Upright growth, with shining narrow leaves and drooping panicles of small white flowers in May. A favorite broadleaf evergreen useful in foundation groups. 15-18 in., B&B 6.00 18-24 in., B&B
RHODODENDRON canadense albiflorum, White Rhodora, 2-3 ft. Extremely rare pure white variety of this lovely native shrub. Not evergreen. 9-12 in., B&B
RHODODENDRON carolinianum, Carolina Rhododen- DRON, 4-8 ft. This native of the Carolina mountains is fully hardy in New England and is one of the better dwarf flowering evergreens. Pink flowers in May or June; also a white-flowering form. 15-18 in., B&B 6.00 18-24 in., B&B 8.00
RHODODENDRON catawbiense, Catawba Rhododendron, 7-10 ft. Also of mountain origin, hardy here. Large oval leaves, and bright rosy-purple flowers in May and June. 18-24 in., B&B

BROADLEAF EVERGREENS

RHODODENDRON maximum, Rosebay Rhododendron, 10-40 ft.
Dark green, long pointed leaves; white or pale pink flowers in June or July. Tall, rugged growth, the largest of the Rhododendrons.
15-18 in., B&B
RHODODENDRON, Named Hybrids, 6-15 ft. We have some fine named hybrid varieties; reds, pinks and whites.
18-21 in. with flower buds
SHORTIA galacifolia, Oconeebells, 4-6 in. Small galax-like evergreen leaves, with delicate bell-shaped white flowers in earliest spring. A wildflower for shady places, rare and beautiful. Strong plants
VACCINIUM vitisidaea majus, Shore Cowberry, 6-8 in. Very low shrub with spreading rootlets, thriving in acid soil with moderate sunlight. Small white or pale pink flowers in May; fruit dark red in late summer. 3-6 in. spread
VACCINIUM vitisidaea minus, MOUNTAIN COWBERRY, 4-6 in. Like the Shore Cowberry a good ground-cover, but with deeper pink or red flowers. 3-6 in. spread
VINCA minor, Common Periwinkle (Myrtle). Trailing evergreen vine, flat on the ground in sun or shade, rooting along its stems. Flowers blue, in early summer; leaves lustrous dark green. Each 40 10 for 3.50; 100 for 30.00
VINCA minor 'Bowles,' Bowles Periwinkle. Improved form of Periwinkle, of vigorous growth and brighter blue flowers. Each 60 10 for 5.50; 100 for 50.00

Shade and Flowering Trees

Here in New England, trees are too often regarded as commonplace—as fixtures in the landscape picture. But it must be realized that trees require time to grow; their placement must be planned with thought for their effect in later years. Careful soil preparation is the best insurance for good growth.

THE MAPLES: This important group of shade trees may be considered as a long life-time investment. They are of varied characteristics and rate of growth, and are relatively free from disease and insects.

ACER ginnala, AMUR MAPLE, 15-20 ft.

A very hardy shrub or small tree, with showy red fruit in summer.

3-4	ft.																		3.50
4-5	ft.																		5.00
5-6																			6.50

ACER platanoides, Norway Maple, 70-90 ft.

A practical shade tree for lawn or street planting; rugged growth, symmetrical style, luxuriant foliage. Greenish-vellow flowers in spring, bronzy-vellow fall foliage.

6-8 ft	8.50
8-10 ft	11.00
10-12 ft	14.00

ACER platanoides 'Columnare,' COLUMNAR NORWAY MAPLE, 50-60 ft.

Upright branching, for use where height rather than spread is desirable.

8-10 ft.																		12.50
10-12 ft.																		16.00
12-14 ft.																		21.00

ACER platanoides 'Nigra,' CRIMSON KING MAPLE (Patent No. 735), 50-60 ft.

A recent hybrid Maple with red foliage all summer. It is a shapely tree of somewhat slower growth than the others; especially good as a lawn specimen.

6-7 ft.	 	9.00
7-8 ft	 	2.00

DECIDUOUS SHADE AND FLOWERING TREES ACER platanoides 'Schwedleri,' Schwedler Norway Maple,

50-60 ft.
Similar to the basic variety, but with red leaves in spring
becoming bronzy in summer and fall.
6-8 ft
8-10 ft
10-12 ft
ACER pseudoplatanus, Planetree Maple, 60-90 ft.
Hardy, vigorous growth; broad-spreading branches, with
large leaves. Flowers greenish yellow in spring.
8-10 ft
ACER rubrum, RED MAPLE, 60-120 ft.
This native tree abounds in low ground throughout New
England. It takes its name from its red flowers in spring
and bright red fall foliage.
6-8 ft
8-10 ft
ACER saccharum, Sugar Maple, 60-120 ft.
Also a native Maple, with small yellow flowers in spring
and bright yellow, orange or scarlet foliage in fall. Sym-
metrical growth; a good street tree because of its upright
habit.
7-8 ft 8.00
AMELANCHIER laevis, Allegany Serviceberry (Shadbush),
25-40 ft.
A small woodland tree with white flowers in early spring;
young leaves purplish red.
3-4 ft., B&B
4-5 ft., B&B 6.00
1 0 10., 100
BETULA papyrifera, PAPER BIRCH (Canoe Birch), 60-100 ft.
The canoe birch of the Indians, with paper-white bark.
Growth is usually straight and symmetrical. Should be
planted in Spring only. For clumps add 50% to these prices.
6-8 ft., B&B
8-10 ft., B&B
18

BETULA pendula 'Gracilis,' CUTLEAF BIRCH, 50-75 ft. A tall tree at maturity, with white bark and slender branches that droop gracefully. This is a favorite ornamental lawn tree. Spring planting only.
6-8 ft
BETULA populifolia, GRAY BIRCH, 30-60 ft. The native Birch of woodlands and pastures. Spring planting only. For clumps add 50% to these prices. 6-8 ft., B&B
CLADRASTIS lutea, AMERICAN YELLOWWOOD, 30-50 ft. Fragrant white flowers in June; bright yellow fall foliage. 4-5 ft., B&B
CORNUS florida, Flowering Dogwood, 20-50 ft. The Dogwoods are favorite spring-flowering trees. In May their showy flower bracts attract attention; their brilliant fall coloring is a further feature. 3-4 ft., B&B 6.00 4-5 ft., B&B 7.75 5-6 ft., B&B 10.50
CORNUS florida 'Rubra,' Redflowering Dogwood, 20-50 ft. Rosy pink flowers, effective contrast to the white variety. The trees grow to medium height, of irregular spreading habit, and thrive in sun or shade although protection from strong winds is desirable. 3-4 ft., B&B 9.00 4-5 ft., B&B 13.50
CORNUS kousa chinensis, Chinese Dogwood, 15-25 ft. A small tree, blooming in mid-June; flowers white, followed by clustered red berries. 3-4 ft., B&B 6.00 4-5 ft., B&B 8.00

CRATAEGUS oxyacantha 'Pauli,' Paul's Scarlet Haw- thorn, 15-20 ft.
One of the most colorful of the flowering trees; in late May its double, bright scarlet flowers are spectacular.
5-6 ft
CRATAEGUS phaenopyrum, Washington Hawthorn, 15- 25 ft.
Profuse white flowers in May or June, followed by bright red fruits in fall, attractive to birds.
4-5 ft., B&B
GLEDITSIA triacanthos 'Inermis,' Thornless Honey- LOCUST, 50-100 ft.
A quick-growing variety with slender branches; fragrant flowers in June followed by long seed-pods.
6-8 ft., B&B
GLEDITSIA triacanthos 'Sunburst,' Sunburst Honeylocust, 50-75 ft.
Similar to the above but with golden yellow tips to the leaves, giving the appearance of sunlight. (Patent No. 1313) 6-8 ft., B&B
LABURNUM watereri (vossi), Waterer Laburnum, 12-20 ft.
Known also as "Golden Chain Tree" because of its showy racemes of pendulous yellow flowers in May or June. 5-6 ft
MAACKIA amurensis, AMUR MAACKIA, 30-45 ft. White flowers in July and August. Small upright tree. 5-6 ft., B&B
MAGNOLIA soulangeana, SAUCER MAGNOLIA, 20-30 ft.
A magnificent tree, flowering in early spring with huge flowers white inside and purple-pink outside.
2-3 ft., B&B

The Flowering Crabapples

This group of flowering trees is perhaps the most popular of all. Colors of bloom and fruit cover a wide range. Fruit in general is not edible but is attractive to birds, remaining on the tree until early winter. All varieties are Spring flowering.

MALUS 'Almey,' ALMEY CRABAPPLE, 20-25 ft. Flowers and fruit bright red.	
6-7 ft	.00
MALUS atrosanguinea, Carmine Crabapple, 15-20 ft. Brilliant carmine-pink flowers; small red fruit. 5-6 ft	.00
MALUS floribunda, Japanese Flowering Crabapple, 25-30 Familiar early flowering variety, the buds carmine-p opening to pale pink or white bloom in great profusion. 5-6 ft	
MALUS 'Hopa,' Hopa Crabapple, 25-30 ft. Very hardy, with rose-red flowers and fruit red inside a out.	nd
	.00 .00
MALUS hupehensis, Tea Crabapple, 20-25 ft. Somewhat fan-shaped growth, with narrow leaves. Flow deep pink, likely occurring in alternate years.	
5-6 ft	.00
MALUS micromalus, Midget Crabapple, 20-25 ft. Upright-growing small tree; pink flowers and yellow fri 5-6 ft	uit. .00
MALUS purpurea 'Eley,' ELEY CRABAPPLE, 15-25 ft.	
Flowers wine-red; fruit purple, on long stems. Folia	age
bronzy.	00
	.00.
	.50

Distinguished by its red-green foliage; flowers China-rose;

9.00

MALUS 'Red Silver,' RED SILVER CRABAPPLE, 25-30 ft.

fruit purplish red.

MALUS sargenti, Sargent Crabapple, 6-8 ft. Really a broad shrub, with profuse fragrant white blossoms in mid-May, followed by persistent small dark red fruit. Excellent for attracting birds. 2-3 ft
MALUS scheideckeri, Scheidecker Crabapple, 15-20 ft.
One of the older varieties but outstanding for its double pale pink blossoms. Fruit is yellow.
3-4 ft 4.00
4-5 ft
METASEQUOIA glyptostroboides, Dawn Redwood, 50-100 ft.
Introduced in 1948, this much discussed survivor of an ancient era has proven surprisingly hardy, having survived the bitter winter of 1958-1959 with little or no damage. It is upright, fast-growing and with most attractive soft larchlike foliage.
18-24 in., B&B
2-3 ft., B&B 6.00
7-8 ft., B&B
8-10 ft., B&B
PLATANUS orientalis, ORIENTAL PLANETREE, 60-90 ft.
A handsome shade tree with large maple-like leaves. In older trees some of the outer-bark flakes off, exposing the interesting greenish-white under-bark.
10-12 ft., 1¾-2 in. caliber, B&B
99

POPULUS alba nivea, Silver Poplar, 60-90 ft. Rapid-growing, tall tree, its foliage light green, silvery on the under-side. 10-12 ft. 10.00 12-14 ft. 13.50
POPULUS nigra 'Italica,' Lombardy Poplar, 60-90 ft. Narrow columnar growth, much used for tall screening purposes, reaching a height of 30 feet or more. 8-10 ft 4.00
PRUNUS cerasifera 'Thundercloud,' Thundercloud Plum, 20-25 ft. A small ornamental tree with pink flowers, notable for its purple foliage. 5-6 ft 6.00
PRUNUS sargenti, SARGENT CHERRY, 50-75 ft. Abundant single pink blossoms in late April or early May; the foliage rich red in autumn. Fruit pea-size, dark red turning black. At maturity it becomes a tall tree. 4-5 ft., B&B
PRUNUS serrulata 'Kwanzan,' Kwanzan Cherry, 20-25 ft. Large, deep pink double flowers resembling roses in May. 5-6 ft 6.00
QUERCUS borealis, Northern Red Oak, 60-80 ft. Rapid growing shade tree, with dark red autumn color. 6-8 ft 9.00
QUERCUS palustris, Pin Oak, 75-125 ft. A distinctive shade tree suitable for lawn or street planting. Of comparatively rapid growth, with almost horizontal spreading branches; clean bright foliage. An old tree may reach a height of 75 feet or more. One of the best long-lived trees. 8-10 ft. 13.50

SALIX blanda, Wisconsin Weeping Willow (Niobe Willow). These Willows are justly popular lawn trees. They are of
vigorous growth, spreading and graceful, with pendulous branches as they become older.
6-8 ft. 5.00 8-10 ft. 7.50
SORBUS aucuparia, European Mountainash, 40-60 ft.
Showy flat heads of white flowers in May, followed by clusters of orange-red berries in September which are attractive to birds.
4-5 ft., B&B 5.00
5-6 ft., B&B 7.00
6-8 ft., B&B
SYRINGA amurensis japonica, Japanese Tree Lilac.
A hardy, symmetrical small tree with pyramidal heads of white flowers in June. Leathery dark green foliage.
3-4 ft., B&B
4-5 ft., B&B
5-6 ft., B&B
TILIA cordata, Littleleaf Linden (European Linden). 60- 90 ft.
The Lindens are desirable trees for lawn or street planting; disease and insect resistant; comparatively rapid growth. This variety bears fragrant yellowish flowers in July.
7-8 ft
8-10 ft
10-12 ft
TILIA platyphyllos fastigiata, Pyramidal Bigleaf Linden, 60-80 ft.
Narrow columnar form, very useful where space is limited.
6-8 ft

Flowering Shrubs

Color and season of bloom, and growth characteristics, govern the selection of deciduous shrubs for landscape plantings. Their moderate cost makes them a practical material for borders or screens when initial expense is a consideration. Shrubs should in general be spaced three feet or more apart.

ACANTHOPANAX sieboldianus, Aconthopanax, 5-8 ft.

An upright shrub with bright green leaves and spiny branches. Excellent for difficult city conditions. Does well in sun or shade.
2-3 ft 2.00
ARONIA arbutifolia, Red Chokeberry, 5-10 ft. White flowers in April or May, followed by red berries that persist into early winter. Attractive to birds. 2-3 ft
AZALEA calendulacea, Flame Azalea, 6-12 ft.
A favorite hardy Azalea with showy yellow, orange, or scarlet flowers in May or June. Mature height six feet or more.
12-15 in., B&B
AZALEA mollis, Hybrids, 4-6 ft. Separate colors, yellow, red, orange, or salmon; large flowers in profusion. 18-24 in., B&B
AZALEA nudiflora, PINXTERBLOOM AZALEA, 5-7 ft.
This is a native species with light pink flowers in May.
12-15 in., B&B 3.75
15-18 in., B&B 4.50
18-24 in., B&B 5.50
AZALEA obtusa kaempferi, Torch Azalea, 7-9 ft. Variable shades of red or orange flowers in late April or early May. 15-18 in., B&B
18-24 in., B&B 7.00

AZALEA schlippenbachi, Royal Azalea, 7-15 ft. Large rose-colored flowers in May. Bright yellow, orange or red autumn color. 12-15 in., B&B
15-18 in., B&B
AZALEA vaseyi, Pinkshell Azalea, 6-12 ft. Delicate shades of white, pink, or rose flowers in April or early May. A Kelsey introduction. 15-18 in., B&B
BERBERIS thunbergi, JAPANESE BARBERRY, 3-8 ft. Best known as a hedge-plant, usually set a foot apart in a single row. Yellow flowers in April; deep red berries and bronzy red leaves in fall. 18-24 in 85 each 10 for 7.50; 100 for 65.00
BERBERIS thunbergi atropurpurea, Redleaf Japanese Barberry, 3-6 ft. Purplish red foliage, a distinctively ornamental variety. 18-24 in
BUDDLEIA alternifolia, FOUNTAIN BUTTERFLYBUSH. Graceful spikes of small flowers in summer, older plants reaching a height of six feet or more. These hybrids give a choice of color. All are best closely trimmed each year. Burgundy: Red flowers. Charming: Pink. Dubonnet: Wine-purple. Ile de France: Deep lilac-purple. Snowbank: Pure white.
Potted plants, 2-year
CALYCANTHUS floridus, COMMON SWEETSHRUB, 6-8 ft. Brownish-red flowers in June, very fragrant. Prefers a sheltered spot but will grow in poor soil. 2-3 ft

CARYOPTERIS incana 'Blue Mist,' BLUE MIST BLUEBEARD. Low-growing shrub with silvery green leaves and spikes of powder blue feathery flowers. Pot-plants, 2-year
CHAENOMELES lagenaria, Common Floweringquince, 5-7 ft.
Shrub of medium height, dark green foliage, red apple- blossom-like flowers in May. The large yellow fruits in fall are showy.
18-24 in
CLETHRA alnifolia, SUMMERSWEET CLETHRA, 5-10 ft. Woodland shrub for shaded spots, with intensely fragrant white flowers in midsummer.
15-18 in
CORNUS alba sibirica, SIBERIAN DOGWOOD, 5-8 ft. Distinguished by its red bark, especially effective in winter. Its flowers in June are small, white, followed by clusters of white berries. 3-4 ft
CORNUS mas, CORNELIANCHERRY DOGWOOD, 12-20 ft. Large early-blooming shrub, with yellow flowers in April
and scarlet edible fruit in August. 3-4 ft., B&B
CORNUS stolonifera 'Kelseydwarf,' Kelseydwarf Dogwood. A distinct dwarf variety that originated with us. Compact, rarely exceeding 18 inches in height.
12-15 in
CORYLUS avellana 'Atropurpurea,' Purple European Filbert, 10-12 ft.
Deep purple foliage when grown in full sun. Interesting pendulous catkins in spring.
2-3 ft., B&B

COTINUS coggygria, Smoketree, 12-15 ft.
Pinkish fruit panicles in summer give the whole plant a pink
smoky appearance. Yellow to orange autumn color.
4-5 ft
COTONEASTER adpressa praecox, EARLY COTONEASTER,
1½-2 ft. Very low, spreading shrub, almost evergreen. It bears large red berries in late fall.
9-12 in. spread, potted
COTONEASTER divaricata, Spreading Cotoneaster, 4-6 ft. One of the best of the taller forms; arching branches covered with small pink flowers in late May and bright red fruits
in fall. Deep red autumn color.
15-18 in
COTONEASTER horizontalis, ROCK COTONEASTER, 2-2½ ft. Flowers pink in June; red berries in fall. Low spreading. 9-12 in. spread, potted
COTONEASTER microphylla, Rockspray Cotoneaster, 21/2-
3 ft. Tiny leaves on arching branches, forming a dense mass. White flowers in June; scarlet berries.
9-12 in. spread, potted
CYTISUS scoparius, Scotch Broom, 4-6 ft. Upright shrub with bright green branches and showy yellow flowers in May and June. Grows to a height of four feet or more.
18 in., potted 3.00
DEUTZIA gracilis, SLENDER DEUTZIA, 2-3 ft. A dwarf shrub with clusters of small, bell-shape white flowers in June. One of the best for low growth. 15-18 in
1,90

DEUTZIA scabra 'Pride of Rochester,' 7-10 ft.
Double white flowers tinged with rose, in late June. 3-4 ft. 2.50 4-5 ft. 3.50
DIERVILLA sessilifolia, Southern Bushhoneysuckle, 3-5 ft. Clustered trumpet-shape yellow flowers in June, July, and August. Good foliage, medium height. 18-24 in
EUONYMUS alatus, Winged Euonymus, 10-15 ft. Notable for its cork-ridged branches and brilliant fall color the latter suggesting its "Burning Bush" title. 2-3 ft
EUONYMUS alatus 'Compactus,' DWARF WINGED EUONYMUS 5-8 ft. Slow growth and compact habit make this a desirable low shrub. Like the tall variety it has bright red fall foliage and will thrive in sunny or shady locations. 2-3 ft
EUONYMUS latifolius, BROADLEAF EUONYMUS, 15-20 ft. Tall shrub of good substance, adaptable to almost any situation with respect to soil or exposure. Yellowish flowers in May or June; red-orange fruits in September. 3-4 ft., B&B
EXOCHORDA racemosa, Common Pearlbush, 10-15 ft. Slender spreading shrub of medium height, with showy white flowers in May. 2-3 ft., B&B
FORSYTHIA 'Beatrice Farrand,' 6-7 ft. This new variety has immense golden yellow blossoms. 2-3 ft
FORSYTHIA intermedia 'Spectabilis,' Showy Border Forsythia, 7-9 ft. Always a feature of the April landscape, with its sunny yellow flowers. No shrub border is complete without it. 2-3 ft

FORSYTHIA 'Lynwood Gold,' 6-7 ft. Improved variety with larger flowers.
3-4 ft
FORSYTHIA ovata, Early Forsythia, 5-8 ft. Earliest to bloom, exceptionally hardy. Flowers are light yellow; fall foliage wine-color. Grows as broad as tall. 18-24 in
2-3 ft
FORSYTHIA 'Spring Glory,' 6-7 ft. Profusion of pale yellow flowers.
3-4 ft
GENISTA pilosa, Silkyleaf Woadwaxen, 9-12 in. A low shrub with yellow pea-like flowers in May.
9-12 in
HAMAMELIS vernalis, Vernal Witchhazel, 6-12 ft. The fragrant yellow flowers appear in March. Foliage is good, turning bright yellow in fall. 18-24 in
2-3 ft 3.00
HIBISCUS syriacus, Shrubalthea (Rose of Sharon), 10-12 ft. Blooms in late August; flowers large and showy. Upright growth to 12 feet; foliage luxuriant dark green. Coelestis, single, violet-blue. Jeanne d'Are, double, white. Lady Stanley, double, pink. Lucy, double, rose-red.
2-3 ft
HYDRANGEA arborescens, Smooth Hydrangea, 2½-3 ft. Summer-blooming Hydrangea of low growth. The rounded flower heads are greenish, turning white; the branches usually die back in winter but recover with new growth each season. 2-3 ft 2.00

pholococo i how him o bine bo
HYDRANGEA paniculata 'Grandiflora,' Peegee Hydrangea, 6-8 ft.
This is the familiar fall-flowering variety with immense heads of white flowers that turn pink. The shrub is best closely pruned each spring. 2-3 ft
2-3 1t
KOLKWITZIA amabilis, Beautybush, 6-10 ft. Arching sprays of small trumpet-shape pink flowers, profuse in June. Sometimes do not bloom the first season after transplanting. 2-3 ft 2.00
TACALCED TIME
EliGUSTRUM amurense, Amur Privet, 6-12 ft. Essentially a hedge variety, preferred because it does not winter-kill in the New England area. The usual spacing single row, is a foot apart. 2-3 ft 10 for 4.50; 100 for 35.00
LIGUSTRUM ibolium, IBOLIUM PRIVET, 6-12 ft.
Foliage similar to that of California Privet, holding late into the winter; but entirely hardy and dependable. 2-3 ft
2-9 16
LIGUSTRUM obtusifolium regelianum, Regels Border Privet, 3-4 ft.
A hardy, spreading shrub, excellent for border planting; good foliage, with short panicles of white flowers and black berries.
15-18 in
LONICERA tatarica 'Alba,' WHITE TATARIAN HONEYSUCKLE, 6-12 ft.
White flowers. A good tall shrub for screening purposes. Red or yellow fruit.
3-4 ft 2.00

LONICERA tatarica 'Rosea,' Rosy Tatarian Honeysuckle 6-12 ft.
This tall shrub will thrive in sun or shade; the pink flower in May are followed by red berries attractive to birds. 3-4 ft
LONICERA tatarica 'Siberica,' RED TATARIAN HONEYSUCKLE
6-12 ft. Light red flowers in May, followed by the typical fleshy red berries. 3-4 ft
PHILADELPHUS virginalis, VIRGINAL MOCKORANGE, 6-8 ft. Semi-double, sweet-scented flowers in June; growth of moderate size, a good border shrub. 2-3 ft
PHOTINIA villosa, ORIENTAL PHOTINIA, 12-15 ft. Slender upright branches, attractive dark green foliage panicles of white flowers in June. The bright red fruits are conspicuous in October and persist until winter. 3-4 ft., B&B
PRUNUS glandulosa 'Sinensis,' Doublepink Almondcherry, 3-4 ft.
Commonly known as Double Pink Flowering Almond, this graceful shrub bears masses of rose-like small flowers all along the branches in May. 2-3 ft
PRUNUS glandulosa 'Alboplena,' Doublewhite Almond-
The Flowering Almonds are old favorites because of their profusion of flowers. 2-3 ft
PRUNUS tomentosa, Manchu (Nanking) Cherry, 7-9 ft. In early spring the flowers are pale pink or white, followed by scarlet fruit in June or July.
2-3 ft

RHAMNUS davurica, DAHURIAN BUCKTHORN, 20-30 ft. Large spreading shrub or small tree, with white flowers in May or June and shiny black berries in fall. 3-4 ft
RHUS aromatica, Fragrant Sumac, 2½-3 ft. Small yellowish flowers in May, small red berry-like fruit in summer. Yellow and scarlet autumn color. 18-24 in
ROSA hugonis, Father Hugo Rose, 4-6 ft. Bright yellow, single flowers all along the branches in May or June, like showy yellow garlands, always admired. 2-3 ft
ROSA multiflora, Japanese Rose, 8-10 ft. Single white flowers, red berries. Excellent barrier hedge where room is available. 2 year strong
ROSA rugosa, Rugosa Rose, 3-4 ft. Large single reddish-purple flowers all summer, with brick- red seed-hips in Fall. Foliage rough, dark green. This shrub grows well at seashore; is much used for hedges. 18-24 in
SPIRAEA bumalda 'Anthony Waterer,' Anthony Waterer Spirea, $2^{1}/_{2}$ -4 ft. Dwarf, compact shrub, with flat heads of light crimson small flowers in June and July. Grows not much over three feet high. 15-18 in
SPIRAEA vanhouttei, Vanhoutte Spirea, 7-9 ft. This familiar shrub is usually in bloom before Memorial Day, with its arching garlands of small white flowers, a feature of the landscape. Vigorous growth; medium height.

1.50 2.00

SYRINGA chinensis (rothomagensis), Chinese Lilac, 12 Profuse clusters of purple-lilac flowers in late May.	!-15 ft.
2-3 ft	$\frac{2.00}{2.50}$
SYRINGA villosa, LATE LILAC, 8-10 ft.	
Extremely hardy species, with rosy-lilac flowers app a week later than most Lilacs.	earing
2-3 ft	2.00
SYRINGA vulgaris, Common Lilac, 12-20 ft.	
The old-time dooryards always had Lilacs, which allowed to grow reach a height of 15 to 20 feet. masses of purple flowers, of heady fragrance, ar glory of May.	Their
2-3 ft. 3-4 ft.	$\frac{2.00}{3.00}$
SYRINGA vulgaris alba, White Common Lilac, 15-25 Often a few days earlier than the purple variety, other of similar growth. 2-3 ft. 3-4 ft.	ft. erwise 2.00 3.00
VACCINIUM corymbosum, Highbush Blueberry, 6-12	ft.
Fine native shrub, the young branches yellowish-gre red. Dense clusters of white or pinkish flowers in May or blue-black edible berries in July or August.	en or
2-3 ft., B&B 3-4 ft B&B	3.00
4-5 ft., B&B For Hybrid Blueberries see Page 39.	4.25 6.00
VIBURNUM carlesi, Koreanspice Viburnum, 4-8 ft. The "Mayflower Viburnum" with clustered little pinl tensely fragrant flowers in May. Foliage grayish gree 18-24 in., B&B	n.



Beautiful SHORTIA A Kelsey introduction

See Page 16

VIBURNUM opulus roseum (sterile), SNOWBALL EUROPEAN VIBURNUM, 7-10 ft.
Large showy white flower heads in May and June. 2-3 ft., B&B
VIBURNUM trilobum, American Cranberrybush, 10-12 ft.
The flat heads of white flowers are followed by colorful scarlet berries. Fall foliage is red-bronze. The Viburnums will grow in shade.
18-24 in., B&B
WEIGELA 'Eva Rathke,' Eva Rathke Weigela, 4-6 ft. Somewhat lower-growing than the common weigela, with ruby-red flowers in June. 18-24 in
WEIGELA florida (rosea), Oldfashioned Weigela, 4-6 ft. Trumpet-shape pink flowers in May or June. A favorite
shrub in older gardens and still a valauble color note. 2-3 ft
WEIGELA 'Vaniceki,' NEWPORT RED WEIGELA, 4-6 ft.
This later introduction is a vigorous grower, with deep red
flowers in profusion. 2-3 ft
Δ=U 10,

Many shrubs are suitable for tall hedges or screen plantings, spaced according to habit of growth and effect desired. Let us advise selections for specific purposes.

Vines and Climbers

Any considerable expanse of wall surface can best be decorated by adding a suitable vine, supported by a trellis or growing on the surface itself. Certain of the vines also are effective groundcovers for slopes or underplantings.

CAMPSIS grandiflora, Chinese Trumpetcreeper, 20 ft. A vigorous climber for trellis, with clusters of scarlet, la trumpet-shape flowers in August. Good foliage.	rge
2-yr	00.8
CELASTRUS scandens, AMERICAN BITTERSWEET, 35-40 ft. Shrubby, vigorous vine, notable for its bright yellow a red fruit in late fall and winter.	and
2-year 1	.50
CLEMATIS paniculata, Sweetautumn Clematis, 25-30 ft. Billowing clusters of fragrant white blossoms in Aug and September; a hardy vine especially effective on a fer or over a low wall.	ust nce
2-year 1	.00
CLEMATIS virginiana, VIRGINSBOWER, 15-20 ft. Deeply-toothed leaves, rugged growth, with masses of sm white flowers in late August. Foliage purplish in Fall. 2-year	all
CLEMATIS, Large-flowered Hybrids, 6-12 ft. Of more slender growth than the preceding varieties, we showly blossoms three inches or more across. Named so in white, purple, red, or light blue.	ith rts

PLANTINGS FOR BIRDS. Birds add beauty and song to the gardens, and are of greatest value in curbing insect damage. Every garden should include plants that provide natural bird food and cover. We know what these plants are and will gladly help you plan their proper use. Birds are a constant joy and entertainment in the garden - a bird-feeding station in a corner of your garden dedicated to bird life will be a continuing delight.

VINES AND CLIMBERS

HEDERA helix 'Baltica,' Baltic Ivy, 40-50 ft.
Hardier than English Ivy, which it resembles. It grows best in shade, adhering closely to a wall or spreading flat on the ground as an underplanting.
Potted plants
HYDRANGEA petiolaris, CLIMBING HYDRANGEA, 50-75 ft.
An unusual vine for semi-shade, of vigorous growth when once established, clinging to wall or post. Clusters of white flowers in July.
2-year, container grown 3.00
LONICERA heckrotti 'Goldflame,' Goldflame Honeysuckle Shrubby, spreading vine, almost everblooming with tubular flowers red outside, gold inside.
2-year, potted 2.00
LONICERA japonica halliana, Halls Japanese Honey- suckle.
This familiar rampant vine thrives in sun or shade and is not particular as to soil. Good for trellis, fence, or as cover for an embankment. Flowers yellowish white, fragrant, in midsummer.
2-year
PARTHENOCISSUS tricuspidata, Japanese Creeper (Boston Ivy).
Traditional cover for brick or masonry walls, clinging closely to the surface. Glossy green foliage turning scarlet in Fall. 2-year, potted
WISTARIA sinensis, CHINESE WISTARIA. Long drooping clusters of blue or purple flowers in May and June; strong, woody growth twining to trellis or post. 5-year, grafted
5-year, grafted 4.00 For CLIMBING ROSES see Page 41.

Fruit Trees

APPLES, Standard, 5-6 ft., 11/16 cal. \$2.50 each
Baldwin — Bright red, crisp, winter apple.
Cortland — Bright red, spicier than McIntosh. Oct.
Delicious — Red, mild but rich flavor. Nov.
McIntosh Red — The favorite autumn apple. Oct.
Yellow Delicious — One of the finest table apples. Oct.

3.50 each

APPLES, Dwarf, 4-6 ft., 11/16 cal.

CORTLAND — Red. Oct.

McIntosh — The favorite.

Yellow Delicious — Golden yellow.

CHERRIES, Standard, 5-6 ft., 11/16 cal. 3.00 each
BLACK TATARIAN — Best sweet cherry, dark purple.
Montmorency — Red. Best sour for pies.
Napoleon — Pale yellow with red cheek, sweet.

PEARS, Standard, 5-6 ft., 11/16 cal. 2.75 each

BARTLETT — Yellow, red blush. August.

BEURRE Bosc — Yellow with russet overlay. Oct.

SECKEL — Small sweet russet-brown. Oct.

PEARS, Dwarf, 3½-4 ft., 11/16 cal. 3.50 each
BARTLETT — Excellent for eating, canning, pickling.
CLAPPS FAVORITE — Large, lemon color, rich and sweet.
Aug.
DUTCHESS — Greenish-vellow, spotted with russet.

PEACHES, 5-6 ft., 11/16 cal.

Belle of Georgia — Freestone, white flesh. Aug.

Elberta — Popular yellow freestone. Sept.

Golden Jubilee — Golden freestone. Late Aug.

PEACH, Dwarf, 3½-4 ft., 9/16 cal.

GOLDEN JUBILEE

3.50 each

PLUMS, Standard, 5-6 ft., 11/16 cal.

ABUNDANCE — Light yellow, fine flavor. Aug.
BURBANK — Dark violet-red, large. Aug.

FRUIT TREES

BLUEBERRIES, Named varieties 18-24 in. 2.25 each

Use two or more varieties to assure cross pollination for best results,

CONCORD - Tall, late.

Jersey — Good producer, large. Late.

Rubel - Large, midseason.

STANLEY — Very productive, tall. Late midseason.

GRAPEVINES

2 yr. .75 each Potted 1.25 each

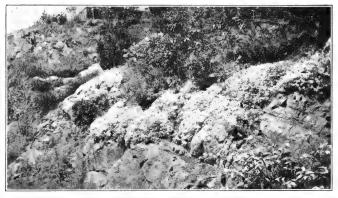
Caco — Very fine amber-red.

Concord — Popular deep blue. Late.

Fredonia - Earliest blue-black, very fine.

Seneca — Large white, sweet, juicy. Early.

Interlaken — A new hardy amber seedless variety. Aug. Potted only 2.00 each



A fine naturalistic rock garden planting designed and planted by Harlan P. Kelsey, Inc.

Garden Roses

Kelsey roses are this season offered in a new type of growing pots, which allow planting, pot and all, with no disturbance to the root system. The pot deteriorates and acts as a stimulant to vigorous growth of the rose plant throughout the season.

Hybrid Tea Roses

Betty Uprichard. Rich salmon pink; an older favorite.	\$1.85
Blanche Mallerin. Pat. 594. New, pure white.	2.50
Chrysler Imperial. Pat. 1167. Velvety maroon.	3.00
Condesa de Sastago. Two-tone, coppery red and yellow.	1.85
Crimson Glory. Deep crimson, with darker shadings.	1.85
Eclipse. Pure yellow; dainty pointed buds.	1.85
Kaiserin Auguste Victoria. Pearl white; good foliage.	1.85
New Yorker. Pat. 823. Velvety scarlet.	3.00
Peace. Pat. 591. Pale yellow edged with pink.	3,00
Pink Peace. Pat. appl. for. New blush pink; outstanding.	3.50
Pink Radiance. Large flower, clear pink.	1.85
President Eisenhower. Pat. 1217. Bright red.	2.75
President Hoover. Two-tone, scarlet and yellow.	1.85
Red Radiance. Large fragrant cherry-red.	1.85
Soeur Therese. Rich yellow.	1.85
White Knight. Pat. 1359. One of the best new whites.	3.50

Roses are among the most beloved plants in the garden.

They do require more care than most other types of plants. A well-drained soil, rich in humus, is best. Roses flower only on the new growth, so generous feeding each spring is desirable for best results.

Winter protection is usually necessary except for the hardier Climbing Roses.

Ask for your free copy of our 'How to Plant' booklet which gives full instructions.

Since we have no control over these requirements we cannot guarantee Roses to live thru winter.

Floribunda Roses

1.85

3.00

Betty Prior. Large, single, bright pink; tall growth.

Circus. Orange, red and yellow clusters.

(Plant Patent 1382)

Gold Cup. Deep yellow, non-fading. (Patent applied for)	3.00
Fashion. Pat. 789. Free-blooming, coral pink.	2.50
Jiminy Cricket. Pat. 1346. Bright apricot-orange,	
constant blooming.	3.00
Lavender Girl. A new and distinct color. (Patent applied for)	4.75
Pinocchio. Pat. 484. Full-petaled, clear pink; good style.	2.25
Red Pinocchio. Pat. 812. Distinctive deep velvety red.	2.25
Spartan. Pat. 1357. Large full flowers, coral and scarlet.	3.00
Vogue. Pat. 926.	2.50
Grandiflora Roses	
Buccaneer. Pat. 1119. Sunshine yellow.	3.00
Montezuma. Pat. 1383. Bright orange and red.	3,25
Queen Elizabeth. Pat. 1259. Delicate clear pink.	3.00
Starfire. Non-fading current red.	4.00
(Patent applied for)	
Climbing Roses	
Blaze. Large double red flowers at intervals.	1.85
Climbing Crimson Glory. Pat. 736. Red.	3.00
Climbing Golden Showers. Pat. 1557. Yellow.	3.25
Climbing New Dawn. An older favorite, blush pink.	1.85
Climbing Peace. Pat. 932. Pale yellow, edged pink.	3.00
Climbing White American Beauty. Double white,	
everblooming.	1.85
Paul's Scarlet Climber. Brilliant red, profuse, early.	1.85

Groundcover Plants

Good groundcover plants are increasingly popular. They are not only beautiful in themselves, but extremely useful in many

ways in modern landscaping.

Groundcovers can be used in shady areas and on steep slopes where grass cannot be successfully maintained. They permit wider spacing of the larger plants in the landscape planting, making possible a rich and satisfactory effect without overcrowding.

Groundcovers help to control weeds, conserve moisture, prevent the soil from caking, and protect the roots of the larger plants.

We recommend the following groundcovers, among which can be found varieties for every type of location.

I	Page
Arctostaphylos uvaursi, Bearberry	10
Calluna, in variety, Scotch Heather	10
Cotoneaster adpressa praecox, Early Cotoneaster	0.0
Cotoneaster horizontalis, Rock Cotoneaster	90
Cotoneaster microphylla, Rockspray Cotoneaster	90
Daphne cneorum, Rose Daphne	10
Erica carnea, Spring Heath	10
Euonymus fortunei 'Coloratus,' Purpleleaf Wintercreeper	12
EUONYMUS	1.0
Euonymus fortunei 'Minimus,' Baby Wintercreeper Euony-	13
MUS	. 10
Euonymus fortunei radicans, Common Wintercreeper Euon-	13
YMUS	10
Euonymus fortunei vegetus, Bigleaf Wintercreeper Euony-	13
MUS	
Galax aphylla, GALAX	
Genista pilosa, Silkyleaf Woadwaxen	13
Hedera helix 'Baltica,' Baltic Ivy	30
Juniperus horizontalis, Creeping Juniper	
Juniperus horizontalis douglasi, Waukegan Juniper	5
Juniperus horizontalis plumosa, Andorra Juniper	6
Lonicera ianonica belliana II.	6
Lonicera japonica halliana, HALLS JAPANESE HONEYSUCKLE.	37
Pachistima canbyi, Canby Pachistima	14
Pachysandra terminalis, JAPANESE PACHYSANDRA	15
Shortia galacifolia, Oconeebells	16
Vaccinium vitisidaea majus, Shore Cowberry	16
Vaccinium vitisidaea minus, Mountain Cowberry	16
Vinca minor, Common Periwinkle Vinca minor 'Bowles,' Bowles Periwinkle	16
vinea minor bowies, bowles Periwinkle	16

42

Industrial, Institutional and Public Landscaping

A specialty at Kelsey-Highlands Nursery

Good landscaping is good business. Manufacturers and business men in all lines have found that beautiful surroundings increase worker efficiency, reduce employee turnover, and make for better relations between labor, management and the community at large.

At educational institutions, offices, service establishments and at all levels of government is found each year greater recognition of the unique contribution of good landscaping to the American way of life.

We are proud of the part we have played in this movement, which has been greatly stimulated by the "Plant America" program of the American Association of Nurserymen.



KELSEY-HIGHLANDS NURSERY EAST BOXFORD, MASSACHUSETTS

Kelsey's Guarantee

SIX MONTHS' GUARANTEE: We guarantee to furnish nursery stock in first class condition so that with proper aftercare, losses will be reduced to a minimum. Should any stock purchased at our retail prices fail to grow within six months, we will resupply; however, any labor incidental to planting replacements must be paid by the purchaser.

Should we not have the same plants in stock we reserve the right to give credit for the amount paid or supply other plants of equal value.

We will cheerfully resupply any plant found not true to name, or we will refund the amount paid for the same, but it is mutually understood that at no time shall we be held responsible for a greater sum than the purchase price.

Our guarantee is void on accounts not paid within thirty days after date of invoice.

CAUTION!

Most losses are caused by careless planting or lack of aftercare.

- Never allow roots to dry out. If you can't plant at once bury the roots or ball of earth in a temporary location or keep in a cool shady place and keep moist.
- Plant only in good soil and dig hole 1 foot larger than ball or root spread. If soil is clay or sandy add peat or leaf mold. Don't use chemical fertilizer in contact with roots. Organic fertilizers are safer in all cases.
- Plant same depth as plants stood in nursery. Spread roots out naturally and work soil in around them. Remove burlap carefully from balled plants. Firm the soil around the roots or ball, adding more soil till hole is almost full.
- Fill hole with water repeatedly until all soil is well settled.
 Then add loose soil or cover with mulch.
- Water heavily once a week till well established. Water weekly during dry spells.
- Only your care can assure success in your garden. If you have special problems ask for our help.

KELSEY-HIGHLANDS NURSERY

Price List 1960

This price-list of fine nursery stock offered for the 1960 season supersedes all previous editions,

For shipments by freight, express, or parcel post, add 10 per cent of amount of order to cover packing costs. (The minimum charge is \$1.00.) On all such shipments carriage charges are borne by the customer. Charges for truck delivery, except as scheduled within our free delivery area, will be based on the size of order and distance involved.

ALL PRICES ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

BALL and BURLAP CHARGES

The normal planting seasons are Spring and Fall. However, modern methods of handling allow safe planting during the summer months. This may require balling and burlapping (B&B) of certain varieties not listed as "B&B" in the price list. In such cases, or when balling and burlapping is specially requested, the following additional charges will be added to listed prices:

SHRUBS	15 to 18 in.	.30	TREES	4 to	5 ft.	1.00
	18 to 24 in.	.40		5 to	6 ft.	1.25
	2 to 3 ft.	.50		6 to	8 ft.	2.00
	3 to 4 ft.	.75		8 to	10 ft.	3.00
				10 to	19 ft	4.50

Index

To Evergreens, Broadleaf Evergreens, Shade and Flowering Trees, Shrubs and Vines

For Fruit Trees and Small Fruits see Pages 38-39.

For Garden Roses see Pages 40-41.

For Groundcover Plants see Page 42.

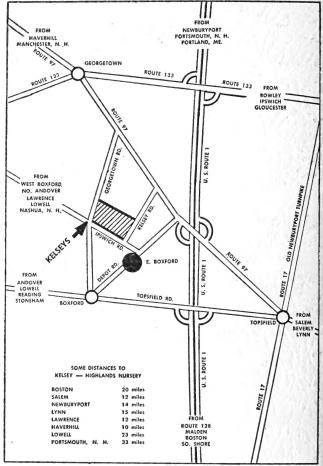
Abies 5 Acanthopanax 25 Acer 17, 18 Almondcherry 32 Amelanchier 18 Arborvitae 8, 9, 10 Arctostaphylos 12 Aronia 25 Azalea 25, 26 Barberry 26 Bearberry 12 Beautybush 31	Corylus 27 Cotinus 28 Cotoneaster 28 Cowberry 16 Cranberrybush 35 Crabapple, Flowering 21, 22 Crataegus 20 Creeper, Japanese 37 Cytisus 28 Daphne 12 Dawn Redwood 22 Deutzia 28, 29
Berberis	Diervilla
Betula	Dogwood
Bittersweet	Douglasfir 7
Bluebeard 27	Erica 12
Blueberry 34	Euonymus 19 90
Box	Exochorda
Broom	TABLE
Buddleia	Filbert 27
Bushhonevsuckle 20	Fir 5 Flowering Crabapple 21, 22
Butterflybush	Flowering Crabappie 21, 22 Floweringquince 27
Buxus 12	Forsythia
Calluna	Galax 13
Calycanthus	Genista
Campsis	Gleditsia 20
Caryopteris	Goldenchain 20
Celastrus	
Chaenomeles	Hamamelis 30
Cherry, Flowering 23 Cherry, Manchu 32	Hawthorn 20
Chokeberry	Heath 12
Cladrastis	Heather
Clematis	Hedera 37 Hemlock 10-11
Clethra 27	Hibiscus 30
Corneliancherry	Holly
Cornus 19, 27	Honeylocust 20
4.0	

Index, continued

Honeysuckle 31, 32, 37	Privet
Hydrangea 30, 31, 37	Prunus 23, 32
11, arangea	Pseudotsuga
Ilex 13, 14	1 seudotsuga
Inkberry	0
	Quercus
Ivy 37	
	Redwood, Dawn 22
Juniper 5, 6	Rhamnus 33
Juniperus	Rhododrendon 15-16
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Rhodora 15
Kalmia 14	Rhus
Kolkwitzia	Rosa
Korkwitzia	Rose
T - b	
Laburnum 20	
Leucothoe	Rose-of-Sharon 30
Ligustrum 31	
Lilac 24, 34	Salix
Linden 24	Serviceberry
Lonicera 31, 32, 37	Shadblow, Shadbush 18
	Shortia
Maackia 20	Shrubalthea 30
Magnolia 20	Smoketree
Malus 21, 22	Snowball
Maple	Sorbus 24
Metasequoia 22	Spiraea 33
Mockorange 32	Spruce 6
Mountainash 24	Sumac
Mountainlaurel 14	Sweetshrub 26
Myrtle 16	Syringa 24, 34
14,1000	Dylinga 21,01
Oak	Taxus 7,8
Oconeebells	Thuja 8, 9, 10
D 11.11	Tilia 24
Pachistima	Trumpetcreeper 36
Pachysandra 15	Tsuga 10, 11
Parthenocissus 37	
Pearlbush	Vaccinium 16, 34
Periwinkle	Viburnum 34, 35
Philadelphus	Vinca
Photinia	Virginsbower
Picea 6	virginsbower
	NY : 1 0F
Pieris	Weigela
Pine 6, 7	Willow 24
Pinus 6, 7	Wistaria 37
Planetree	Witchhazel 30
Platanus	Woadwaxen 30
Plum, Flowering 23	
Poplar	Yellowwood 19
Populus	Yew 7-8
r opulus 20	10" 1-0

Notes





lt's Pleasant Driving — over good roads — from all directions. Visitors are always welcome at

KELSEY, HIGHLANDS NURSERY